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8791	7590 04/10/2006		EXAMINER		
	SOKOLOFF TAYLOR	CODY, DILLON J			
12400 WILS	SHIRE BOULEVARD FLOOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			2183		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/611,380	ROSNER ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Dillon Cody	2183				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHICHEVER - Extensions of tim after SIX (6) MON - If NO period for re - Failure to reply w Any reply receive	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA e may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w ithin the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, d by the Office later than three months after the mailing m adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Respons	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 February 2006</u> .						
2a)☐ This act	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)☐ Since th	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed i	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of CI	aims	•					
4) Claim(s)	4) Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of th	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
• "	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.						
•	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9)∐ The spec	cification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 February 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
• •	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
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Attachment(s)		_					
	ences Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
	sperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) closure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) ail Date	g) [] A) ('	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-21 are pending.

Papers Filed

2. Examiner acknowledges receipt of amended claims, replacement drawings, and amended specification, all filed 28 February 2006.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 3 and 19 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 3, Line 2: "the a" should read "the"

Claim 19, Line 1: "A apparatus" should read "An apparatus"

Claim 19, Line 2: "an means" should read "a means"

4. Appropriate correction is required.

Maintained Rejections

5. Applicant has failed to overcome the prior art rejections set forth in the previous Office Action. Consequently, these rejections are respectfully maintained by the examiner and are copied below for applicant's convenience.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 7. Claims 6-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Strombergson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,807,621) hereinafter referred to as Strombergson.
- 8. As per claim 6, Strombergson discloses a method comprising:

tracking the program order of a first set of instructions assigned to a first local reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) in a first execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A);

tracking the program order of a second set of instructions assigned to a second local reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) in a second execution [unit] (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B);

and tracking program order of the first set of instructions relative to the second set of instructions in a global reorder buffer (Fig. 1 commit stage 5). The examiner asserts that since the commit stage contains a reorder buffer (ROB 10), the stage is responsible to for tracking program order from all the execution stages.

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9. As per claim 7, Strombergson discloses the method of claim 6, further comprising:

notifying the global reorder buffer (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) when a mispredicted instruction occurs; (Col. 3 lines 34-60)

intiating a flush operation in the global reorder buffer (Fig. 1 commit stage 5); (Col. 3 lines 34-60)

and notifying the first local reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) of the mispredicted instruction. (Col. 3, lines 34-60)

- 10. As per claim 8, Strombergson discloses the method of claim 7, further comprising: notifying a fetch control unit (Fig. 1 fetch unit 1 in combination with decode unit 2) of a mispredicted set of instructions. (Col. 3 line 51)
- 11. As per claim 9, Strombergson discloses the method of claim 6, further comprising: sending a signal to the second local reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) to flush at least a third set of instructions.

 (Col. 3 line 58-60)
- 12. As per claim 10, Strombergson discloses the method of claim 6, further comprising: fetching a fourth set of instructions; and assigning the fourth set of instruction to the first reorder buffer during a flushing operation. *The examiner asserts*

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that the processor will continue to process instructions, starting with the branch target instruction, after a conditional branch has been taken. These instructions will be issued to the functional stages, including the stage including the first reorder buffer, and will be executed once the flushing of the stage has been completed.

- 13. As per claim 11, Strombergson discloses the method of claim 6, further comprising: retiring an instruction according to an indicator stored in the global reorder buffer(Fig. 1 commit stage 5). (Col. 8 lines 22-27) *The examiner asserts that indicators must exist to reorder instructions after execution.*
- 14. As per claim 12, Strombergson discloses a system comprising:

a bus; (Fig. 1, line connecting memory 7 to fetch unit 1)

a memory device coupled to the bus; (Fig. 1 memory 7)

and a processor including a fetch control unit (Fig. 1 fetch unit 1 and decode unit 2) to fetch instructions from the memory device, a first execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) to process one or more of the fetched instructions, a second execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) to process one of more of the fetched instructions, a first reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) to track instructions assigned to the first execution unit, a second reorder buffer (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) to track instructions assigned to the second execution

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unit, and a global reorder buffer (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) to track instruction order of instructions assigned to the first reorder buffer relative to the second reorder buffer. (Col. 8 lines 22-27) The examiner asserts that the reservation station in combination with the execution unit track a given instruction as it waits to be, and is finally executed. The examiner asserts that the reorder buffer 10 in commit stage 5 tracks the order of instructions as it retires instructions in their proper order.

- 15. As per claim 13, Strombergson discloses the system of claim 12, wherein the first reorder buffer is operable to signal the global reorder buffer upon detection of a mispredicted instruction. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)
- 16. As per claim 14, Strombergson discloses the system of claim 12, wherein the first reorder buffer is operable to flush a first set of instructions upon detection of a mispredicted instruction (Col. 3 lines 34-60), and wherein the fetch control unit assigns a second set of instructions to the first reorder buffer based on a set of load balancing criteria. The examiner asserts that the processor will continue to process instructions, starting with the branch target instruction, after a conditional branch has been taken. These instructions will be issued to the functional stages, including the stage including the first reorder buffer, and will be executed once the flushing of the stage has been completed.

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17. As per claim 15, Strombergson discloses a machine readable medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed cause a machine to perform a set of operations comprising:

tracking the program order of a first set of instructions assigned to a first local tracking device in a first execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A); The examiner asserts that the reservation station in combination with the execution unit track a given instruction as it waits to be, and is finally executed.

tracking the program order of a second set of instructions assigned to a second local tracking device in a second execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B); The examiner asserts that the reservation station in combination with the execution unit track a given instruction as it waits to be, and is finally executed.

and tracking program order of the first set of instructions relative to the second set of instructions in a global tracking device. (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) *The examiner asserts that the reorder buffer 10 in commit stage 5 tracks the order of instructions as it retires instructions in their proper order.*

18. As per claim 16, Strombergson discloses the machine readable medium of claim 15, having further instructions stored therein which when executed cause a machine to perform a set of operations further comprising: notifying the global tracking device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) when a mispredicted instruction occurs. (Col. 3 line 55-57)

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19. As per claim 17, Strombergson discloses the machine readable medium of claim 16, having further instructions stored therein which when executed cause a machine to perform a set of operations further comprising: tracking a first set of switch points in the global tracking device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5). The examiner further asserts that the reorder buffer 10 tracks a given instruction compared to prior and subsequent instructions to maintain proper instruction ordering.

- 20. As per claim 18, Strombergson discloses the machine readable medium of claim 16, having further instructions stored therein which when executed cause a machine to perform a set of operations further comprising: flushing a second set of switch points based on the mispredicted instruction. The examiner asserts that when a conditional branch instruction is mispredicted, instructions currently in other stages of the pipeline are flushed as described in col. 3 lines 34-60.
- 21. As per claim 19, Strombergson discloses an apparatus comprising:

a means for tracking the program order of a first set of instructions assigned to a first local tracking device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) in a first execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A); The examiner asserts that the reservation station in combination with the execution unit track a given instruction as it waits to be, and is finally executed.

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a means for tracking the program order of a second set of instructions assigned to a second local tracking device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) in a second execution unit (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B); The examiner asserts that the reservation station in combination with the execution unit track a given instruction as it waits to be, and is finally executed.

and a means for tracking program order of the first set of instructions relative to the second set of instructions in a global tracking device. (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) The examiner asserts that the reorder buffer 10 in commit stage 5 tracks the order of instructions as it retires instructions in their proper order.

- 22. As per claim 20, Strombergson discloses the apparatus of claim 19, further comprising: a means for notifying the global tracking device when a mispredicted instruction occurs. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)
- 23. As per claim 21, Strombergson discloses the apparatus of claim 19, further comprising: a means for flushing at least a third set of instructions in the first local tracking device. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)

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New Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

24. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Page 15 of the specification defines "machine readable medium" to include a radio frequency link. Carrier waves do not constitute statutory subject matter. The examiner suggests rewording the claims to read "A computer-readable storage medium."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

25. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 26. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Strombergson.
- 27. As per claim 1, Strombergson discloses a device comprising:

a first device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) to track segment order associated with a first execution unit (Fig. 1 execution unit 4A);

a second device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) to track segment order associated with a second execution unit (Fig. 1 execution unit 4B); The examiner asserts that a single instruction constitutes a segment of the program running on Strombergson's processor. Further, the examiner asserts that the reservation unit 3A/B receives instructions intended for execution unit 4A/B. The reservation unit tracks instructions. Col. 4 lines 45-51 dictate that instructions are checked for irregularities in the order that they were received at the decode stage. The reservation unit must inherently track instruction order if it is to check for irregularities in the proper order.

and a third device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) coupled to the first device and second device to track relative segment order between the first device and the second device.

The examiner asserts that the commit stage is coupled to the first and second execution and reservation units as pictured in Fig. 1. Further, the reorder buffer must track instructions through all execution units. If the reorder buffer did not keep track of instruction order, instructions would not be guaranteed to complete in the proper order, causing undesired operation of the processor.

28. As per claim 2, Strombergson discloses the device of claim 1, wherein the first device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) is operable to

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notify the third device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) of a mispredicted instruction in a segment, and wherein the first device is operable to flush a first segment. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)

- 29. As per claim 3, Strombergson discloses the device of claim 2, wherein the third device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) is operable to notify the second device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3B in combination with execution unit 4B) of the mispredicted instruction in the segment, and wherein the second device is operable to flush a second segment. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)
- 30. As per claim 4, Strombergson discloses the device of claim 2, wherein the third device (Fig. 1 commit stage 5) is operable to notify the first device (Fig. 1 reservation unit 3A in combination with execution unit 4A) of the mispredicted instruction in the segment, and wherein the first device is operable to flush a third segment. (Col. 3 lines 34-60)
- 31. As per claim 5, Strombergson discloses the device of claim 1, further comprising: a fetch control unit (Fig. 1 fetch unit 1 in combination with decode unit 2) to predict segment order (Col. 4 line 57-58), fetch segments and assign the segments to one of the first device and the second device during a flush operation. (Col. 7 lines 42-54)

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Response to Arguments

32. Objections to the title and specification are withdrawn in favor of amendments filed 28 February 2006.

- 33. Objections to claims 3 and 6 are withdrawn in favor of amendments filed 28 February 2006. Objection to claim 19 stands, as detailed above.
- 34. Applicant's arguments filed on 28 February 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 35. Applicant argues the novelty/rejection of claim 1 on pages 11-12 of the remarks, in substance that:

"A standard reorder buffer does not track the relative order of instructions that have been assigned to different execution units. Rather, a standard reorder buffer is a queue in which the entire sequence of the instructions is placed that are being operated on by all execution units. As the execution units complete their execution of instructions the results are placed in the appropriate slot of the queue in the standard reorder buffer."

and

"The Examiner has not indicated and the Applicants have been unable to discern any part of Strombergson that teaches that the reorder buffer in the commit stage is anything other than a standard reorder buffer."

and

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"Strombergson does not teach 'a third device ... to track relative segment order between the first device and the second device.' Therefore, Strombergson does not teach each of the elements of claim 1."

- 36. These arguments are not found persuasive for the following reasons:
- 37. The examiner asserts that a standard reorder buffer tracks instructions operating on the execution units of the processor. As the applicant notes, the standard reorder buffer maintains a queue entry for each pending instruction on the processor. It is unclear to the examiner how this does not constitute tracking. The standard reorder buffer ensures instructions are committed in the proper order, relative to each other. It keeps track of all instructions which have not yet been committed. If the reorder buffer did not track instructions, there would no way to ensure that instructions were retired in the proper order, causing proper operation of the processor.
- 38. Applicant argues the novelty/rejection of claim 17 on pages 13 of the remarks, in substance that:

"In regard to claim 17, this claim includes the element of 'tracking a first set of switch points in a global tracking device.' As discussed above, the Examiner's assertions regarding the functionality of a standard reorder buffer are incorrect. A standard reorder buffer is a queue data structure that has separate storage slots for each instruction and does not store a set of switch points."

39. These arguments are not found persuasive for the following reasons:

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40. The examiner clarifies that since a reorder buffer tracks all pending instructions, it tracks any instructions which will cause a switch in program flow (including branch instructions) which may be stored in the reorder buffer until its time for commitment.

Conclusion

The following is text cited from 37 CFR 1.111(c): In amending in reply to a rejection of claims in an application or patent under reexamination, the applicant or patent owner must clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. The applicant or patent owner must also show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dillon Cody whose telephone number is 571-272-8401. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri, 8 AM - 5 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eddie Chan can be reached on 571-272-4162. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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